

CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF PETROCHEMICALS ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY HEAD OFFICE: GUINDY, CHENNAI – 600 032. ACADEMIC CELL SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION – JULY 2024

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60
Course: PD-PMD with CAD/CAM Date: 02.07.2024

Subject : Plastics Mould Design – II Time : 10.00 a.m. to 01.00 p.m.

(DO NOT CHANGE SEQUENCE OF QUESTION NUMBER IN ANSWER SCRIPT) PART – A

Answer all questions

 $12 \times 1 = 12$

1.	Which of these material is suitable for blow mould construction				
	(a) Aluminium alloy (b) Beryllium Copper alloy (c) Stainless Steel (d) All of these				
2.	What is the part of hot runner mould, which conveys the molten material from manifold to cavity?				
	(a) Primary Nozzle (b) Secondary Nozzle (c) Manifold bush (d) Shut-off Valve				
3.	. Range of land length multiplied with pipe wall thickness considered In designing of pipe is				
4.	method is used for side core actuation.				
	(a) Finger cam actuation (b) Spring actuation (c) Hydraulic actuation (d) All of the above				
5.	. In design, the moulding is unscrewed manually by machine operator.				
6.	gas is used in gas assisted injection moulding process.				
7.	The core rod in injection blow moulding is to form the internal diameter of neck of the preform				
	- Say True or False				
8.	A component, which has a local undercut portion, can be successfully moulded in the				
	conventional mould by incorporating the undercut form on a pin – Say True or False				
9.	'P' stands for Plastics in P-20 designated steel – Say True or False				
10). Expand BUR				
11	I. Expand UHMWPE				
12	2. Expand ISO				
	<u>PART – B</u>				
	Answer all questions (Max. 40 words) $4 \times 2 = 8$				

- How Outsert moulding differs from Insert moulding in injection moulding method?
- 2. Give the empirical formula to calculate the finger cam length (L) in split cavity type Injection mould design
- 3. What are the types of impression lay out available in unscrewing Injection mould design?
- 4. What are the Geometrical shapes of the Manifold Blocks most widely used in industries?

PART - C

Answer any **six** questions (Max. 100 words)

 $6 \times 4 = 24$

- 1. What are the Spilt Mould Actuation Methods used in Injection moulds for moulding external undercut product?
- 2. Explain Loose threaded core design, with a neat sketch, used in Injection moulds for internal threaded component
- 3. Draw a neat sketch with nomenclature of a Divergent Die Head used in Extrusion Blow moulding & explain its working principle
- 4. Enlist the function of Breaker plate used in Extruders
- 5. Explain Gas Assisted Injection Mouling process with simple sketch of process steps
- 6. Show the approach section and Land section in cross sectional view of a solid Extrusion die
- 7. Discuss on various types of Mould Materials used for Thermoforming Mould and their advantages and disadvantages



PART – D

Answer any two questions (Max. 300 words)

 $2 \times 8 = 16$

- 1. Draw a neat diagram indicating Cam Track actuated split cavity in an Injection mould and explain the formula used to calculate the movement (M) of each split
- 2. Explain the following
 - a) Manifold & Drop in an Hot runner system
 - c) Pinch-off section in the Blow mould
- 3. With a neat sketch explain the following
 - a) Plug Assisted type Thermoforming
- b) Collapsible core system
- d) Die swell
- b) Matched Die type Thermoforming



CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF PETROCHEMICALS ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY HEAD OFFICE: GUINDY, CHENNAI – 600 032. ACADEMIC CELL SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION – JULY 2024

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60
Course: PD-PMD with CAD/CAM Date: 03.07.2024

Subject : Mould Manufacturing Technology Time : 10.00 a.m. to 01.00 p.m.

(DO NOT CHANGE SEQUENCE OF QUESTION NUMBER IN ANSW	VER SCRIPT)			
<u>PART – A</u>				
Answer all questions	12 x 1 = 12			
1. Brass is an alloy of				
(a) Copper and Tin (b) Copper and Zinc (c) Iron and Carbon	(d) Copper. Tin and Zind			
2. Surface roughness number (Ra) is expressed in .	(5) 5 5 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			
(a) mm (b) cm (c) m (d) μ m			
(a) mm (b) cm (c) m (d) 3 is the operation to create internal thread in a smaller diameter ho	le.			
(a) Drilling (b) Boring (c) Reaming (a) rapping			
4. The M Code for Tool change command in CNC milling program is	_•			
5. In EDM machine and piece must be electrical conduct	ive.			
6. Rough machining of Guide pillar and guide bush is done inma	chine.			
7. The mould surface finish is categorised into four types: Glossy finish, Semi gloss	sy finish, matt finish and			
Texture finish. Say True or False	sing Courture or Folco			
8. Cylindrical grinding operation done on guide pillar and guide bush before harder 9. Nitriding is a surface treatment process .Say true or False.	ling. Say True of False.			
10. MRR stands for				
11. MDI stands for				
12. Expand CMM.				
<u> PART – B</u>				
Answer all questions (Max. 40 words)	$4 \times 2 = 8$			
1. What is mould dry run in injection moulding?				
2. Write down the process plan for Guide pillar and guide bush manufacturing.				
3. Specify the materials suitable for blow mould manufacturing.				
4. What is the function of U& V axis in CNC wire cut EDM Machine?				
PART – C				
Answer any six questions (Max. 100 words)	$6 \times 4 = 24$			
Write short notes on stainless steel material.				
2. Explain how these operations helpful to manufacture a mould:Drilling, Boring, Ro	eaming& Tapping?			
3. Write down the application of CAM in CNC machining.				
4. Write down the application of CNC milling machine in mould manufacturing.5. Write down the name of instruments used for angle measurements and explain.	any ana inatrumant			
6. Explain jig boring machine with sketch.	any one instrument			
7. Explain mould surface texturing.				
Explain mosts outland totaling.				
<u>PART – D</u>				
Answer any two questions (Max. 300 words)	$2 \times 8 = 16$			

- 1. Explain the CNC Wire cut EDM machine with sketch. Write down its application in mould manufacturing.
- 2. Write short notes on
 - (i) Electro deposition process (ii) Explain the steps involved in Injection Mould manufacturing.
- 3. Explain the mould assembly procedure.



CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF PETROCHEMICALS ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY HEAD OFFICE: GUINDY, CHENNAI – 600 032. ACADEMIC CELL SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION – JULY 2024

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60
Course: PD-PMD with CAD/CAM Date: 04.07.2024

Subject : Reverse Engineering & Rapid Prototyping Time : 10.00 a.m. to 01.00 p.m.

(DO NOT CHANGE SEQUENCE OF QUESTION NUMBER IN ANSWER SCRIP)T\			
(DO NOT CHANGE SEQUENCE OF QUESTION NUMBER IN ANSWER SCRIPT) PART – A				
Answer all questions	12 x 1 = 12			
1. In rapid tooling methods are used that allow injection molding and die-casting inserts to be built				
directly from a) Three-dimensional CAD models b) Two-dimensional CAD models c) Die insert Method d) All of these 2. The core of reverse engineering is an activity called				
a) restructure code b) directionality c) extract abstractions 3. Primitives are used to generatemodelling	d) interactivity			
a) wire frame b) solid c) B-spline d) none 4. Wire Frame Modelling consists of &				
 5. Paper is used as RP material in LOM RP process. Say True or False 6. STL file format is used for importing 3D model files in SLA. Say True or False 7. CMM stands for Coordinate Measuring Machine Say True or False 8. Most rapid prototyping modelling systems build models by 				
9. SLS Stands for 10. IGES Stands for				
 11. CAD Stands for	ligitizing			
PART – B Answer all questions (Max. 40 words)	4 x 2 = 8			
 List out various geometric models Define Rapid Prototyping? What are the limitations of 3D-printing? Define Reverse Engineering 				
DADT O				
PART – C Answer any six questions (Max. 100 words)	6 x 4 = 24			
 List the Design benefits of Rapid Prototyping. Write a short note on Geometric Data acquisition Explain about Development of RP systems Write a short note on Measuring Devices-contact type & non-contact type. Write a short note on various materials used in Rapid Prototyping process. Explain about Metal RP system process What are the Limitations of Rapid Prototyping 				
PART - D Answer any two questions (Max. 300 words)	2 x 8 = 16			
 Explain importance of Reverse Engineering in Product development Explain Fused deposition Modelling with a neat sketch and advantages and applications Explain Soft Tooling and Hard Tooling and its Applications 				



CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF PETROCHEMICALS ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY **HEAD OFFICE: GUINDY, CHENNAI - 600 032. ACADEMIC CELL SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION – JULY 2024**

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60 Course : PD-PMD with CAD/CAM Date: 05.07.2024

Sub

bjec	: Process Planning & Cost Estimation	Time : 10.00 a	.m. to 01.00 p.m.
	(DO NOT CHANGE SEQUENCE OF QUESTION NUMBER	R IN ANSWER S	CRIPT)
	<u>PART – A</u> Answer all questions		12 x 1 = 12
	·		
1.	is responsible for the order of processing each activit Control.	y under Production	on Planning and
	a) Loading b) Sequencing c) Routing The process of Production Planning and Control starts with	d) Sched	uling
2.	a) Expediting b) Scheduling c) Estimation of Production Planning and Control starts with	 na d) Routir	na
3.	Basic tool in work study is		
4	(a) graph paper (b) process chart (c) planning ch Machine Hour Rate=/ Total no. of Ho	art (d) stop v	watch hine runs
5.	The fixation of time and date for each operation is called		_··
	Work measurement is also known as The objectives of costing is to evaluate alternate design of prod	uct- Say True or F	-alse
	Labour costs represent the total expenditure incurred by employ		
9	employees -Say True/false Motion Study and Time Study are same. Say true or false		
10.	BOM stands for		
	DFM stands for EOQ stands for		
	PART – B Answer all questions (Max. 40 work	ds)	4 x 2 = 8
	What is the purpose of process planning?		
	What is the difference between Direct Material and Indirect Mater What is direct expenses & In direct expenses.	ial	
	What is Depreciation?		
	PART – C		
	Answer any six questions (Max. 100 v	vords)	$6 \times 4 = 24$
1. E	Explain Break even analysis with a sketch.		
2. \	What are the methods used for selection of machinery?		
	Define Cost estimation & its objective? Explain the Factors influencing the choice of Machinery.		
5. \	Vrite the Mensuration formulas for estimating -Ellipse, Semi circle	e, and Rectangle.	
	What do you mean by Routing& its procedure? Explain the use of computers in process planning and cost estimate.	ation	
	PART – D Answer any two questions (Max. 300	words)	2 x 8 = 16
	Ilustrate the objectives & importance of process planning		
2. L	ist the factors involved in machine selection in detail?		
3. E	Explain Computer aided process planning with its merits and dem	erits?	
